

OBHS Core Questions:

Subject: History

Year and Term: Year 8 Autumn 1

Topic: Protest



Learn these questions to build a strong foundation of knowledge for this half-term. Ask family or friends to test you regularly, or practise on your own using the 'Look, Say, Cover, Write' method.

	Question	Answer
1.	What year was the Peasants' Revolt?	1381
2.	Why were the peasants angry?	They were angry about poll tax, forced work, and low wages.
3.	Who was the leader of the Peasants' Revolt?	Wat Tyler.
4.	How did the peasants protest?	They refused to pay tax, attacked tax collectors, and marched to London.
5.	What did the peasants do in London?	They destroyed buildings and killed important people.
6.	What did King Richard do when he met the peasants?	He pretended to agree to their demands, but then Wat Tyler was killed.
7.	What happened to the peasants after the protest?	Many went home, and the leaders were hunted and killed.
8.	Did the revolt have a long-term impact?	Yes, over time peasants got more rights and the poll tax was scrapped.
9.	What did the Suffragettes want?	They wanted women to be allowed to vote.
10.	Who led the Suffragettes?	Emmeline Pankhurst.
11.	What was their motto?	"Deeds not Words."
12.	What kind of protests did the Suffragettes do?	They smashed windows, set fires, and chained themselves to buildings.
13.	What happened to Emily Davison?	She was killed by the King's horse at the 1913 Derby.
14.	When did some women get the vote?	In 1918, women over 30 could vote.
15.	When did women get equal voting rights with men?	In 1928.