

the n^{th} term answers

1. Find the n^{th} and 10th term of the following linear sequences:

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| a) 6, 10, 14, 18, 22... $4n+2$ | b) 1, 6, 11, 16, 21... $5n-4$ | c) 4, 6, 8, 10, 12... $2n+2$ |
| d) 13, 16, 19, 22, 25... $3n+10$ | e) 7, 8, 9, 10, 11... $4n+2$ | f) 1, 9, 17, 25, 33... $8n-7$ |
| g) 2, 11, 20, 29, 38... $9n-7$ | h) 5, 15, 25, 35, 45... $5n+10$ | i) 0, 3, 6, 9, 12... $3n-3$ |
| j) -1, 5, 11, 17, 23... $6n-7$ | k) -3, 7, 17, 27, 37... $10n-13$ | l) -10, -8, -6, -4, -2 $2n-12$ |

2. Find the n^{th} term of the following linear sequences, these either increase by fractional amount or a negative amount:

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| a) 12, 10, 8, 6, 4... $-2n+14$ | b) 3.5, 4, 4.5, 5, 5.5... $0.5n+3$ | c) 0.2, 0.4, 0.6, 0.8, 1.0... $0.2n$ |
| d) 15, 12, 9, 6, 3... $-3n+18$ | e) 0, -4, -8, -12, -16... $-4n+4$ | f) 99, 98, 97, 96, 95... $-n+100$ |

3. Find the **first 4 terms** of each linear sequence whose n^{th} term is:

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| a) $6n+2$ 8, 14, 20, 26 | b) $3n+9$ 12, 15, 18, 21 | c) $5n-1$ 4, 9, 14, 19 |
| d) $n+5$ 6, 7, 8, 9 | e) $4n-3$ 1, 5, 9, 13 | f) $8n+11$ 19, 27, 35, 43 |
| g) $9n-6$ 3, 12, 21, 30 | h) $5n$ 5,10,15,20 | i) $-3n+24$ 21,18,15,12 |
| j) $-6n+66$ 60,54,48,42 | k) $2.5n+1$ 3.5,6,8.5,11 | l) $-7n+50$ 43, 36, 29, 22 |

4. Identify which of the terms does **not** belong to the sequence with n^{th} term:

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|-----------------------|------------|------|----------------------|------------|------------|
| a) $5n+1$ 54 | 61 | 86 | b) $10n-4$ 16 | 56 | 74 |
| c) $2n+1$ 35 | 36 | 37 | d) $4n+3$ 51 | 83 | 105 |
| e) $11n+3$ 101 | 124 | 146 | f) $5n+6$ 151 | 199 | 236 |
| g) $2n-4$ 888 | 925 | 1000 | h) $4n+5$ 156 | 201 | 705 |

5. Find the first 5 terms of the following quadratic sequences

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|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| a) n^2 1,4,9,16,25 | b) n^2+1 2,5,10,17,26 | c) n^2-4 -3,0,5,13,21 |
| d) $2n^2$ 2,8,18,32,50 | e) $2n^2+1$ 3,9,19,33,51 | f) n^2+n 2,6,12,20,30 |

g) Look at the difference between successive terms in your quadratic sequences. What do you notice? **differences increase constant amount each time**

How is this different to what you saw before with the linear sequences? **linear sequences increase by same amount each time**

6. Find the first 5 terms of the following power sequence:

- a) 2^n **2,4,8,16,32** to do this work out the following $2^1, 2^2, 2^3, 2^4, 2^5$
- b) Use your answer to part a) to help you match the following sequences to their n^{th} terms.

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| i) 3,5,9,17,33... | 2^n+1 |
| ii) 0,3,7,15,31... | 2^n-1 |
| iii) 1,2,4,8,16... | $\frac{2^n}{2}$ |
| iv) 6,12,24,48,96... | $3(2^n)$ |
| v) 3,6,11,20,37... | 2^n+n |

